

Project Description

Creating your database application with PHP

It will be sufficient to have an application that

- accommodates all the need of the intended users,
- allows the updating the database information, and
- provides an interface for query answering.

It is hoped that you come up with a system that is user friendly (menu driven, GUI etc.).

Example

- The system: student information system
- Intended user groups: students, professors, cashiers, secretaries
- Students:
 - want to view their record
 - the system should have a feature allowing a student to enter his id and obtains his transcript!

Example

- The system: student information system
- Intended user groups: students, professors, cashiers, secretaries
- Professors:
 - want to get the class listing
 - the system should have a feature allowing a professor to enter his id and class id and obtains the class roster! *But* he should only get the classes that he is teaching

What is “allows the updating the database information”?

- Your database will be stored in Oracle – you will need to provide users a way to update information.
- Example: Student Information System
- We need to allow the registrar office to add new students, new courses, update students' grades etc.

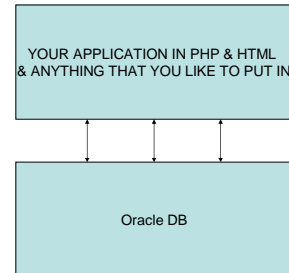
What is “provides an interface for query answering”?

- Summary questions are often posted to a database application. Your application will not be an exception.
- You have thought about the ten most often asked questions in your application.
- You need to provide users who has a question in the ten frequently asked questions to ask your system one of the ten questions and get the answer from the system.

NOTE

- There is not always a clear distinction between “accommodates all the need of the intended users” and “provides an interface for query answering”. One might be used for another.

Your application



PHP – Oracle Examples

- See the link from class note website
- <http://www.cs.nmsu.edu/~tson/classes/fall04-482/PHP>
- Too many websites on PHP to list here

PHP – An Introduction

- Web programming
- Simple yet good enough
- Basic types:
 - **Scalar types:** boolean, integer, float, string
 - **Compound types:** array, object
 - **Special types:** resource, NULL
- Variables begins with \$ - no need for declaration (bad:-)
- Control:
 - if

PHP with Oracle

- *Create a connection to Oracle (session)*
`$conn = oci_logon($name, $pwd, "cs482");`
- *Prepare a statement*
`$cmdstr = "select * from pi";`
`$parsed = oci_parse($conn, $cmdstr);`
- *Execute a statement*
`oci_execute($parsed);`
- *Processing the result*

PHP – Oracle Display Result (Example 1)

- *Fetch the result*
`$nrows = oci_fetchstatement`
- `$result`
 - is like a two dimensions array
 - `$result[$name][$n]` – the value of the
- *Example*

```

for ($i = 0; $i < $nrows; $i++)
{
    echo $result["IID"][$i] ;
    echo $result["OID"][$i] ;
    echo $result["ICOST"][$i] ;
    echo "\n";
}
            
```

	\$c1	\$c2	\$c3	\$c4
1				
2				
3				
4				

Column Name

Row number

PHP – Oracle Dynamic column name (Example 2)

```
$ncols = OCINumCols($parsed);
for ($i = 0; $i < $ncols; $i++) {
    for ($j = 1; $j <= $ncols; $j++) {
        $col_name = OCIColumnName($parsed,
        $j);
        echo $result[$col_name][$i] . " ";
    }
}
```

Get the number of columns

Concatenation operator

Dynamic Command String (Example 3)

```
$tablename
$oid
$sid
$eid
```

Table name
Order id
Supplier id
Employee id

```
$cmdstr = "insert into " .
    $tablename . " values(" . $oid .
    ", " . $eid . ", " . $sid . ")";
```

Create the command string

```
$parsed = ociparse($conn,
    $cmdstr);
ociexecute($parsed1);
```

Parse & execute

PHP – Function (Example 5)

```
<?php
// do something
display($v11,$v12,$v13)
// do something else
display($v21,$v22,$v23)
function display($arg1,$arg2,$arg3)
{
    function's body
}
?>
```

What is enough?

- A program that allows one to do all the required tasks:
 - Updating data (your application has tables t1, t2, t3, t4 – then the system will have to allow users to enter, modify, or delete data in all four tables)
 - Asking queries (display answer on screen)

Screen dump example (1)

application-team-XX

1. Updating
2. Querying
3. Exit

Select 1 – A new screen with 1,2,...,n tables appear for selection

Screen dump example (2)

application-team-XX

1. Student table
2. Professor table
3. Course table
4. Exit

Select 2 – display the professor table, ask whether the user want to enter new professor, edit some information, or delete

Screen dump example (3)

application-team-XX

1. Enter new
2. Modify old
3. Delete

Select:

And so it goes

Nicer – but not required!

- GUI interface
- Menu driven