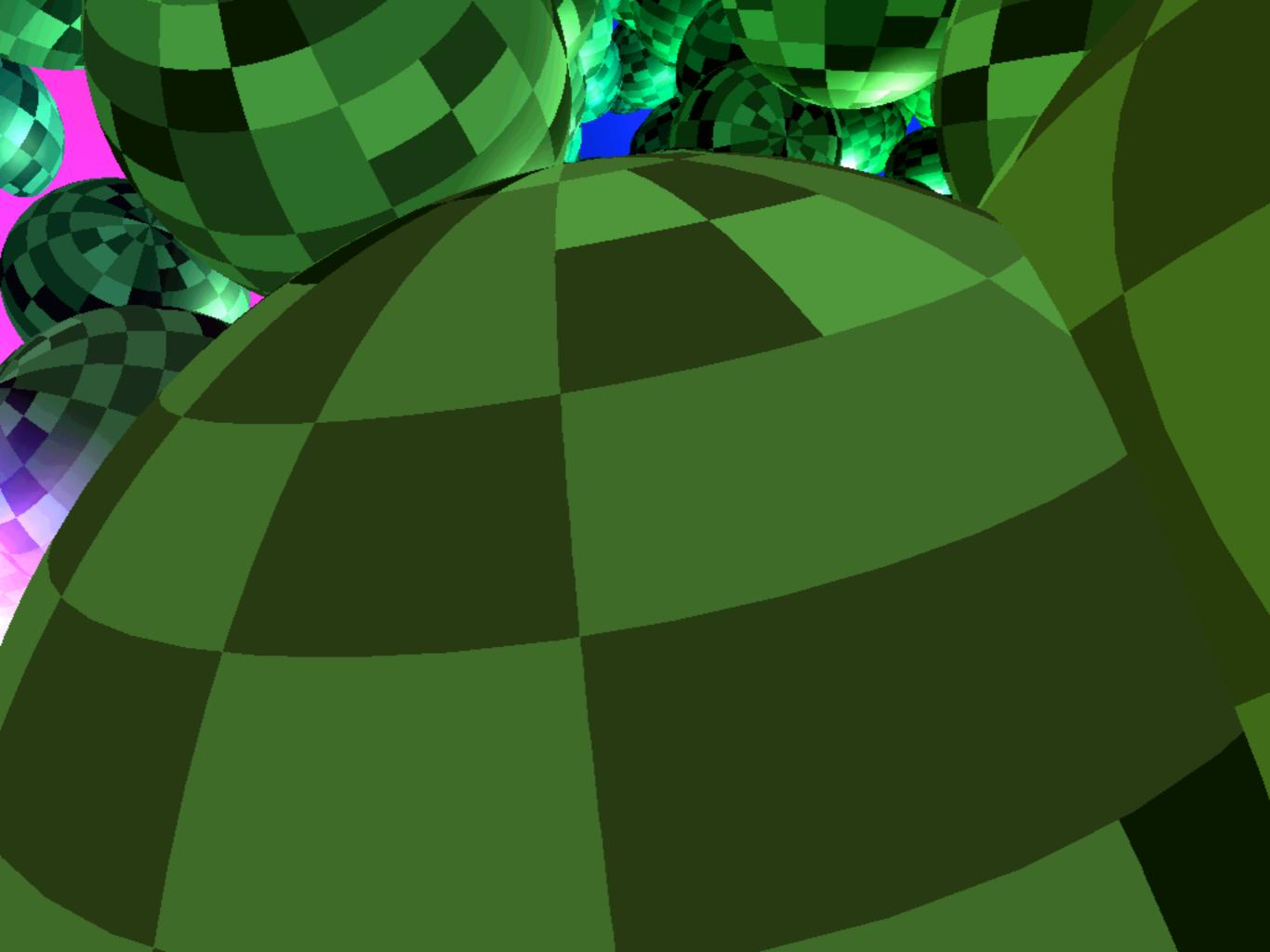
Dynamic Spatial Partitioning for Real-Time Visibility Determination

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Problem

- Complex 3D environments have large numbers of objects
- Computer hardware can only render a finite number at any given speed
- Need to determine which ones will be visible
- Simple/intuitive approaches are extremely slow



Outline

- o Prior work
- Dynamic AABB Tree Structure definition, maintenance, usage
- Real-world performance example
- Heuristic comparison
- o Conclusions

Visibility Determination

- o Heavily-studied [Cohen-Or et al., 2000]
- Hundreds of algorithms
- o Dozens of approaches
- o Only a few in practical use
- o Those in use are very limited

Spatial Partitioning

- Most visibility approaches use spatial partitioning
- Divide (partition) environment into cells (regions) in organized manner
- Many partitioning algorithms (most are static or limited in update ability)

Partitioning Approaches

- Binary Space Partition (BSP)
- K-D Tree/Quadtree/Octree
- o Axis-Aligned Bounding Box (AABB) Tree

Dynamic AABB Tree

- o Group objects based on relative position
 - o Grouping determined by heuristic
 - Several heuristics available
- o Recursively divide groups
- o Group-level visibility determination

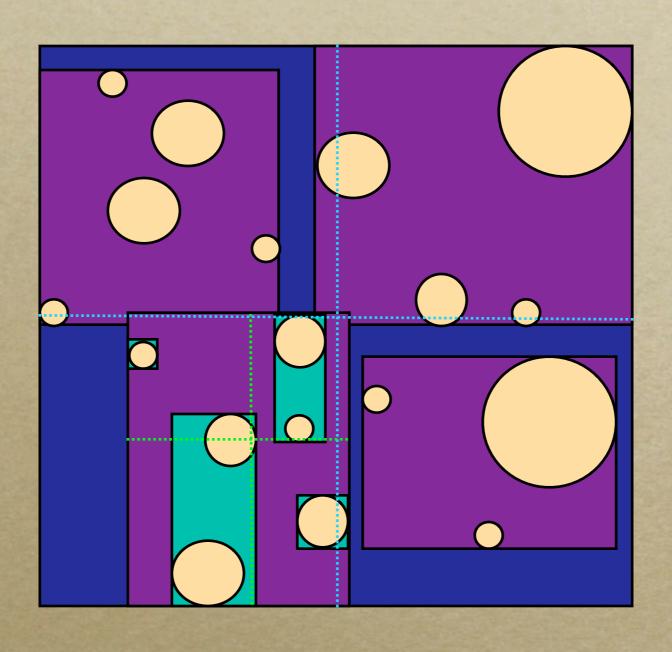
Data Structure Definition

- Axis-Aligned Bounding Box (AABB)
 - o Defined by two corner points
 - o Sides are parallel to coordinate axes
- o 0 or more child nodes
- o 0 or more objects

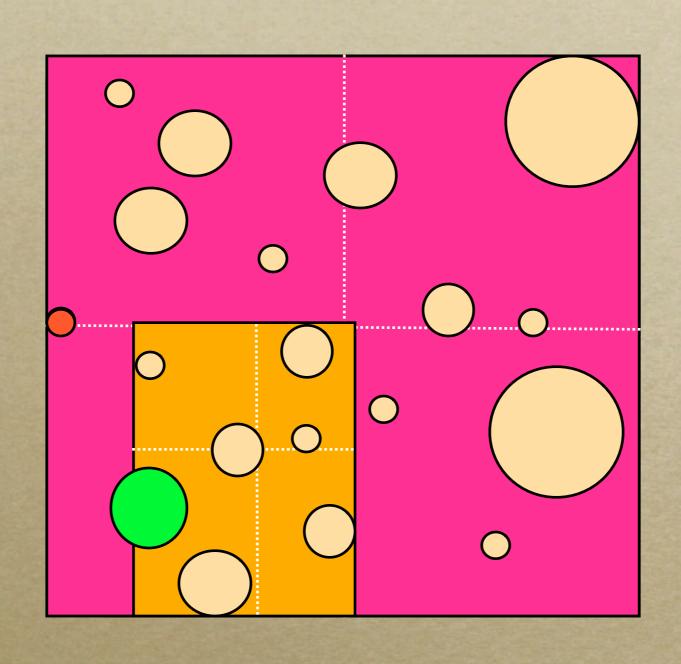
Constraints

- o Node's AABB must encompass
 - o objects
 - o child nodes
- No other constraints

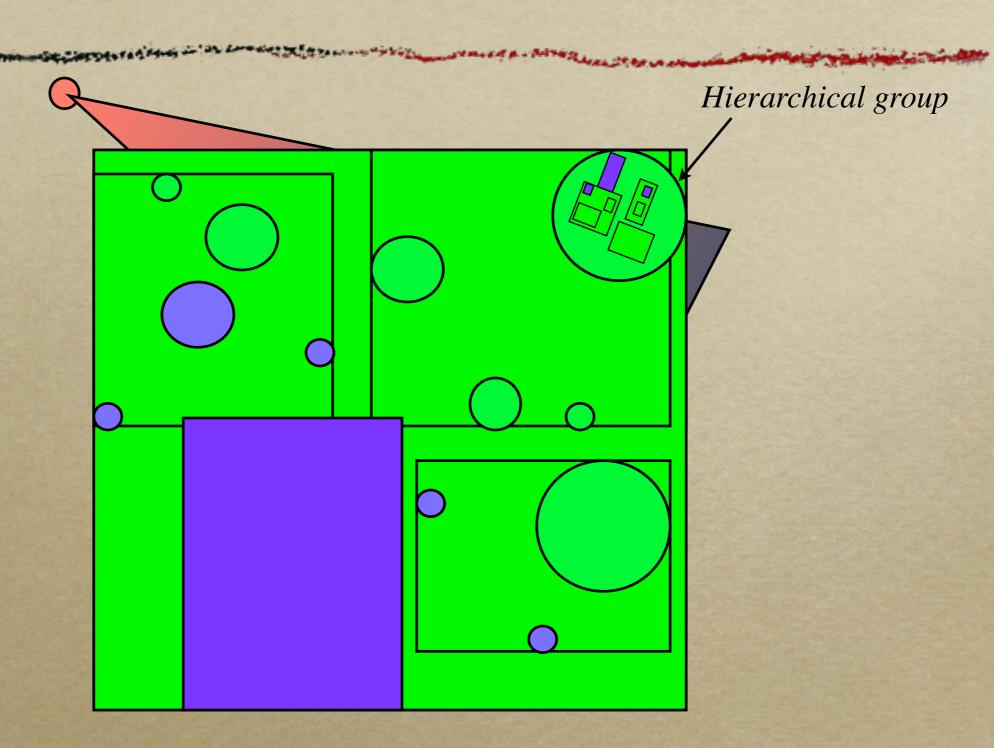
Splitting Nodes



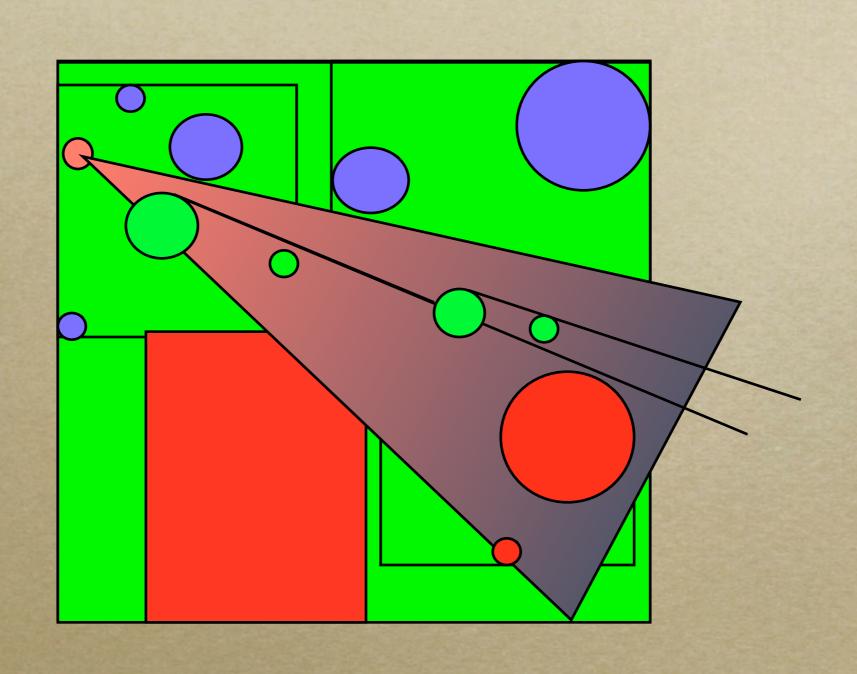
Object Management



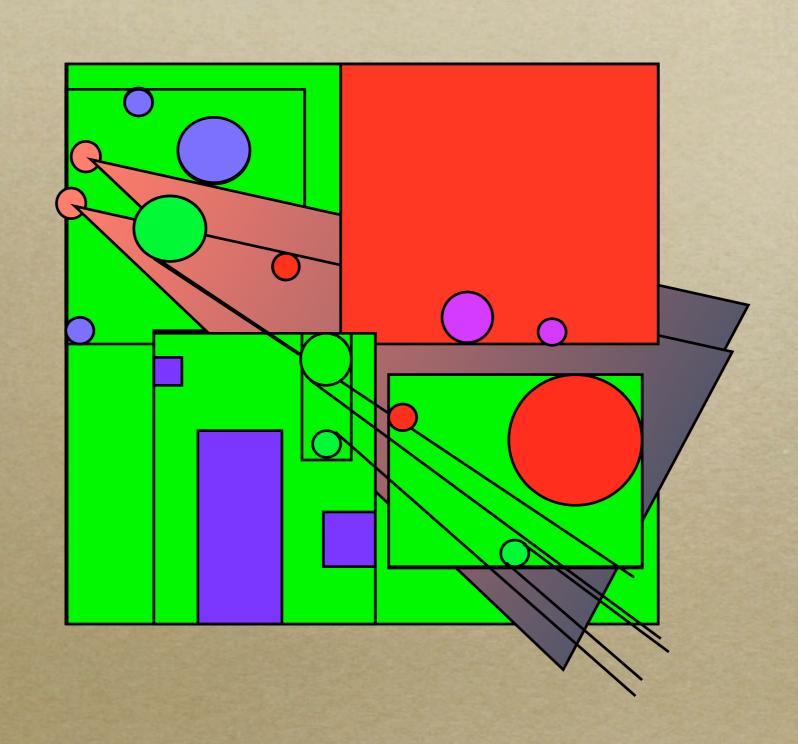
Visibility



Occlusion (Spatial coherence)

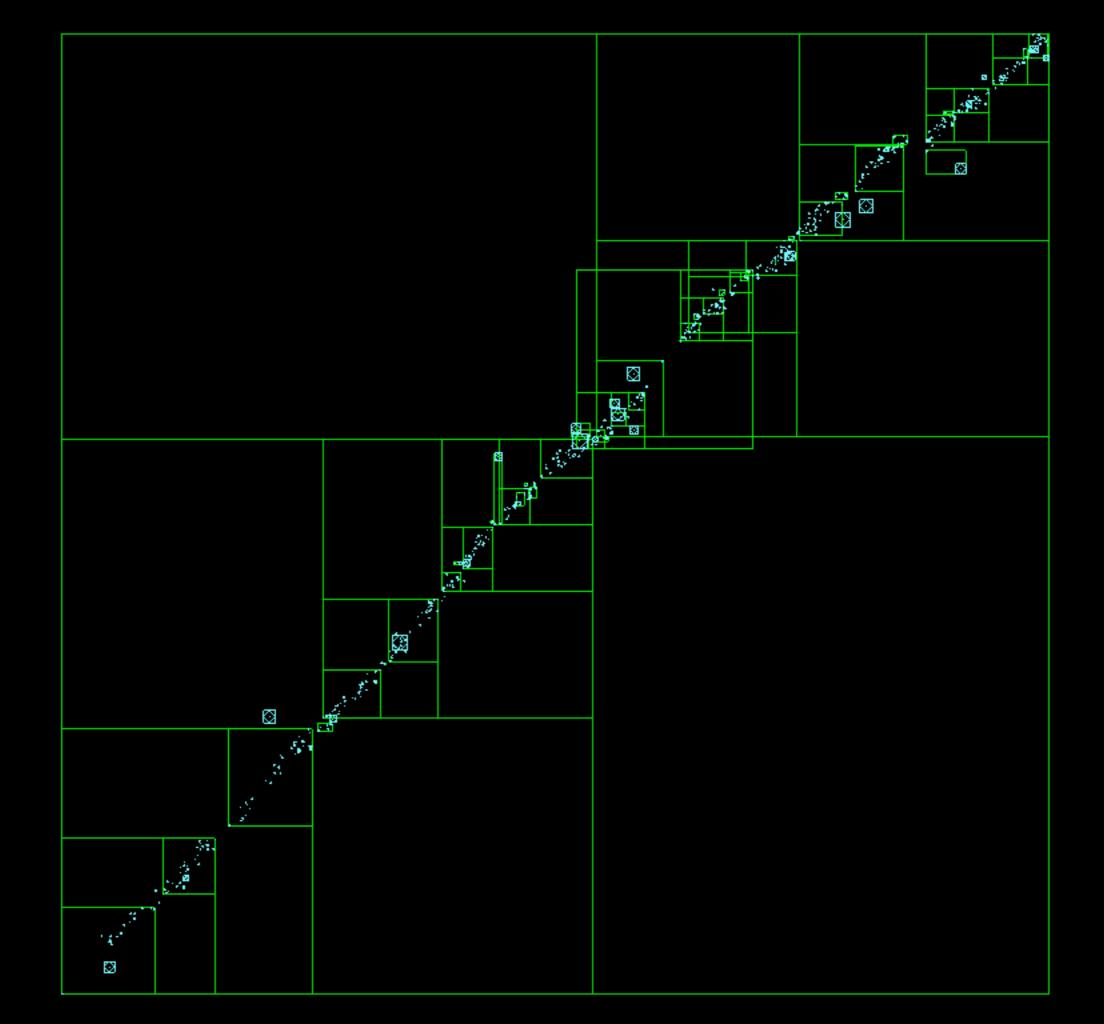


Occlusion (Temporal + spatial coherence)



Fragmentation Avoidance

- Moving/adding objects may cause tree imbalance
- When AABBs are recomputed, recompute split points w/ approximation
- New split point applies "pressure" to heuristic; stochastic rebalancing



Video clip

Realtime render, 1.1GHz, Athlon, Radeon 9700 using temporal coherence occluders only

Comparisons Scene: tunnel2

	Objects Considered	Objects Rendered	Frames per Second
Brute- Force	1736	302	21
AABB Visibility	554	302	30
AABB Occlusion	554	302(95)	26

Comparisons Scene: stress

	Objects Considered	Objects Rendered	Frames per Second
Brute- Force	1346	489	17
AABB Visibility	772	489	23
AABB Occlusion	568	101(100)	35

Comparisons Scene: stress5

	Objects Considered	Objects Rendered	Frames per Second
Brute- Force	1761	528	23
AABB Visibility	928	528	24
AABB Occlusion	862	182(182)	33

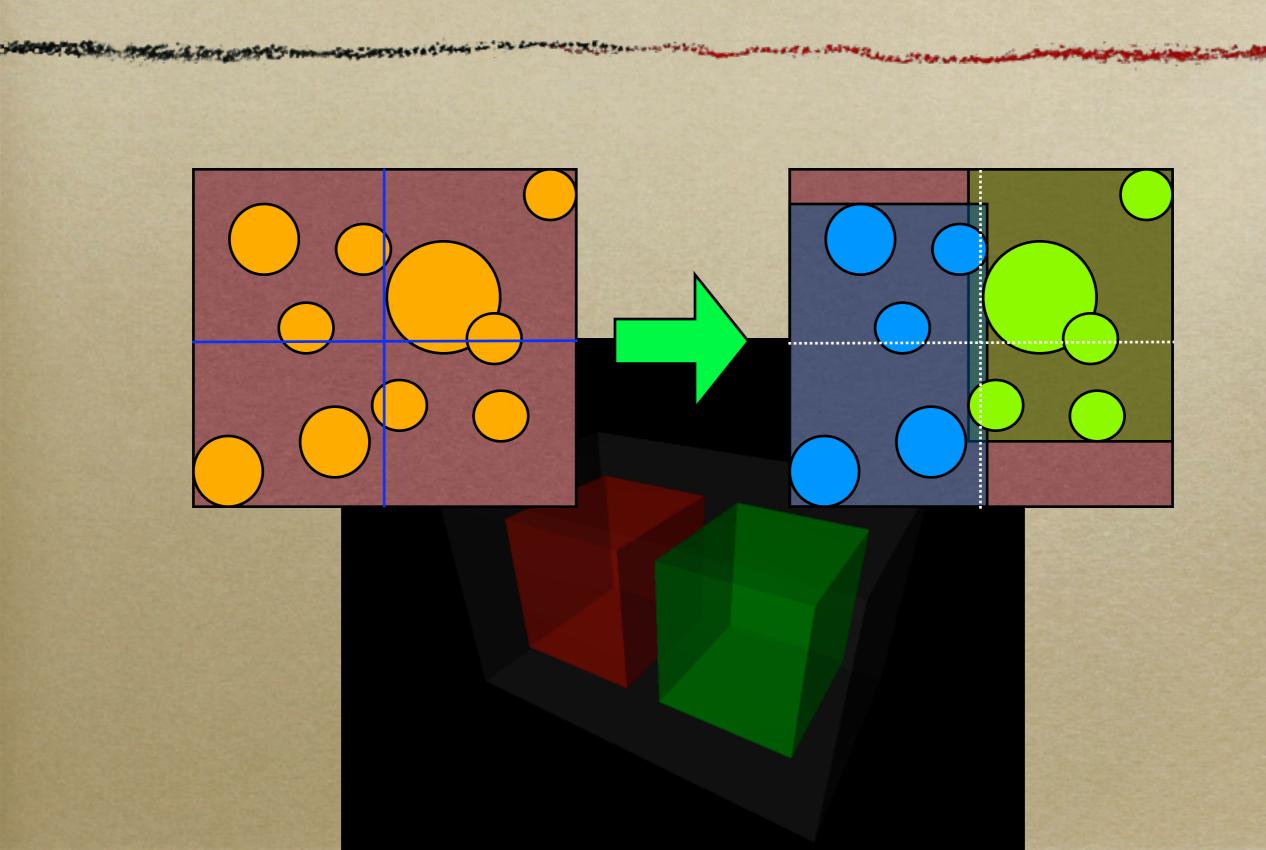
Nesting Heuristics

- o Determine how objects are distributed
- Goals:
 - o Maximize tree balance
 - o Minimize tree depth
 - o Minimize number of visibility tests

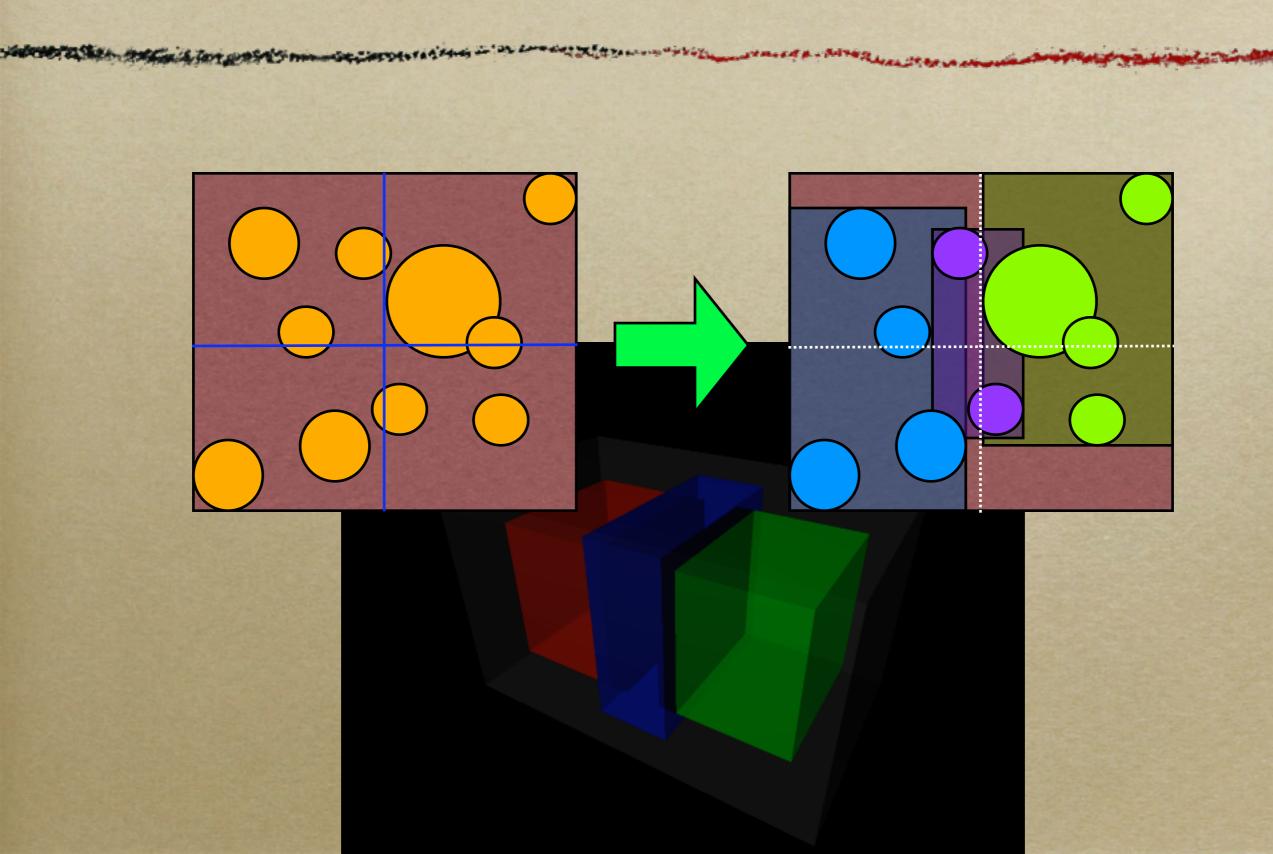
Nesting Heuristics

- o Two variants of each
 - Leafy all objects stored in leaf nodes
 - Non-leafy larger objects stored in internal modes
- Each named after a tree concept (not a strict implementation of the tree type)

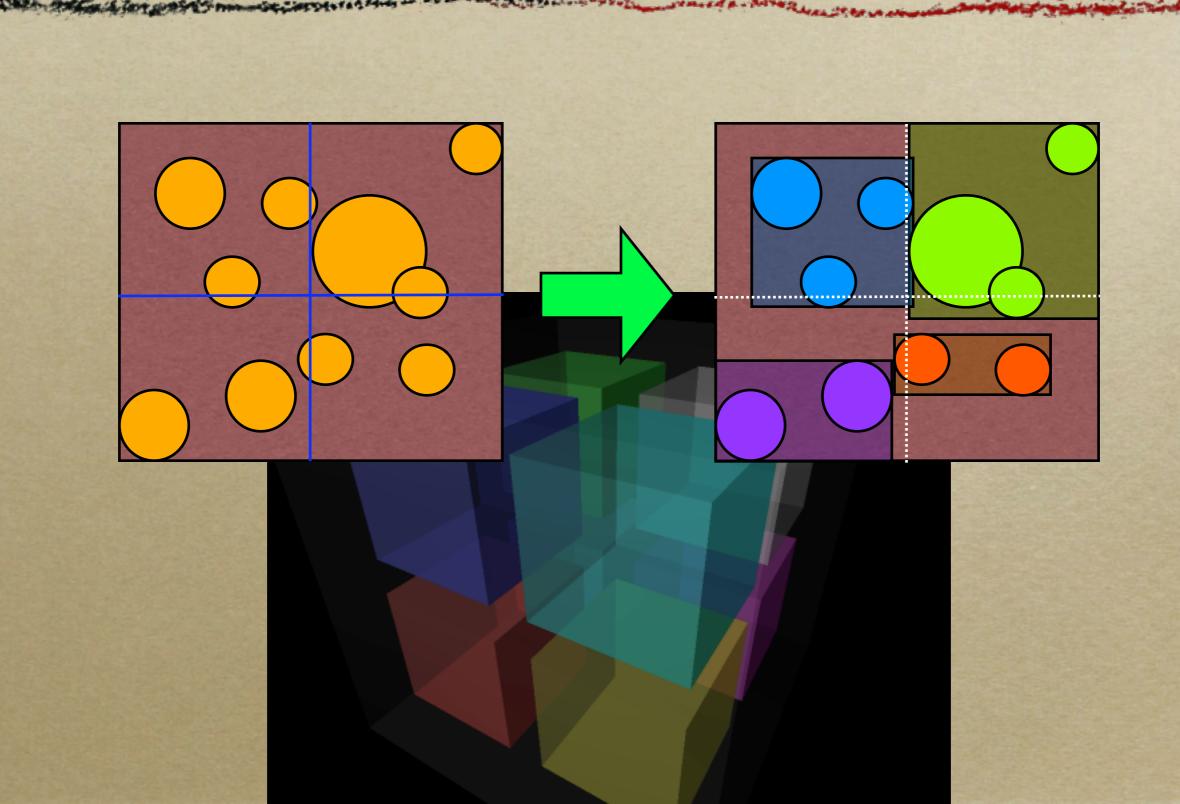
K-D



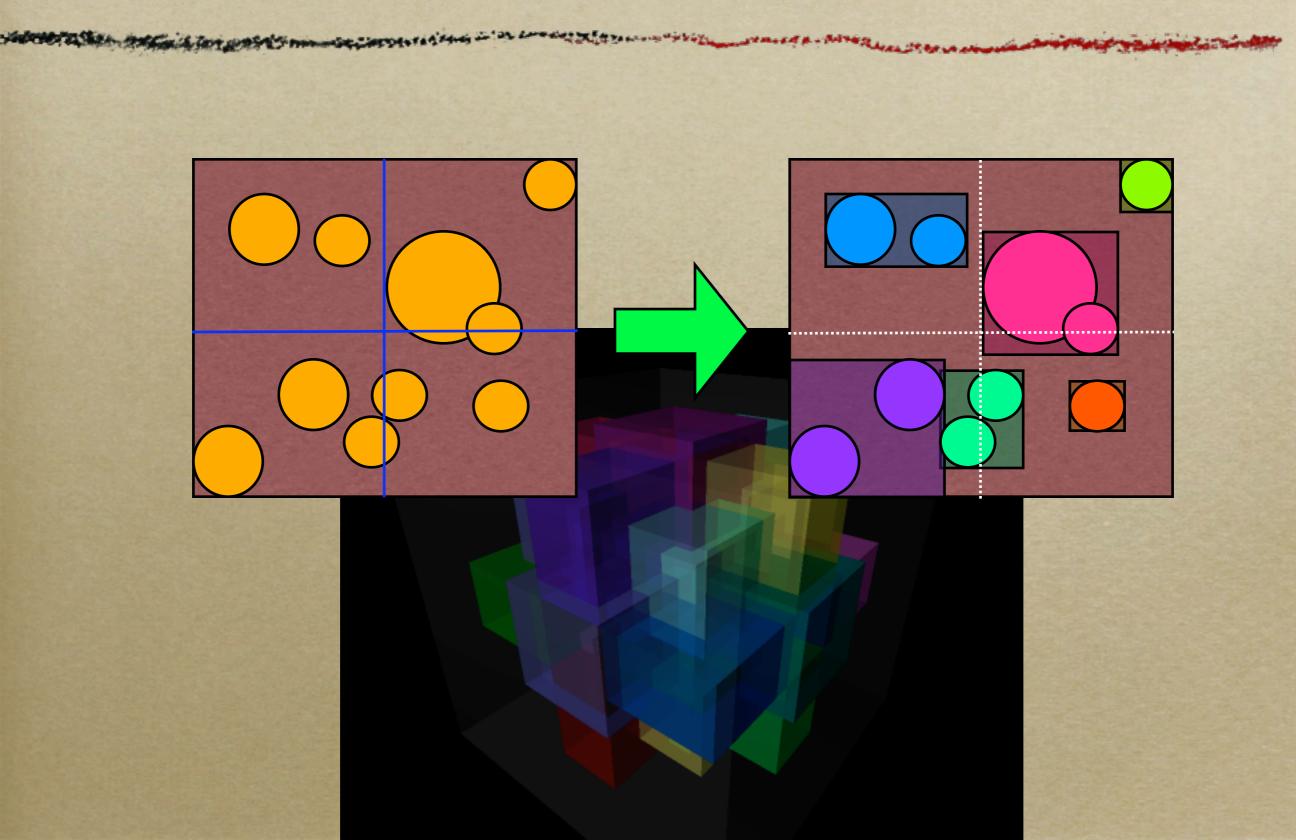
Ternary



Octree



Icoseptree



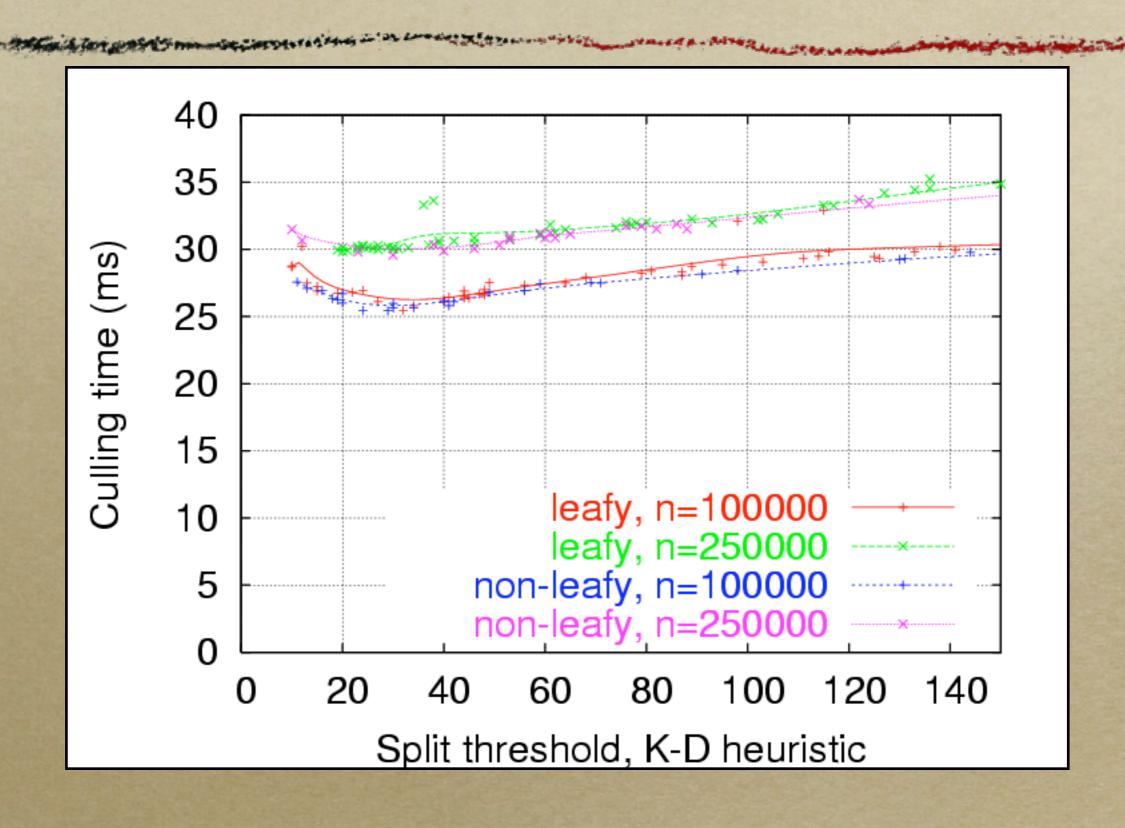
Timings

- o Generate large number of random objects
- o Distribute throughout region
 - Variety of distributions
 - Consistent overall density
- Record avg. time for region query, object movement

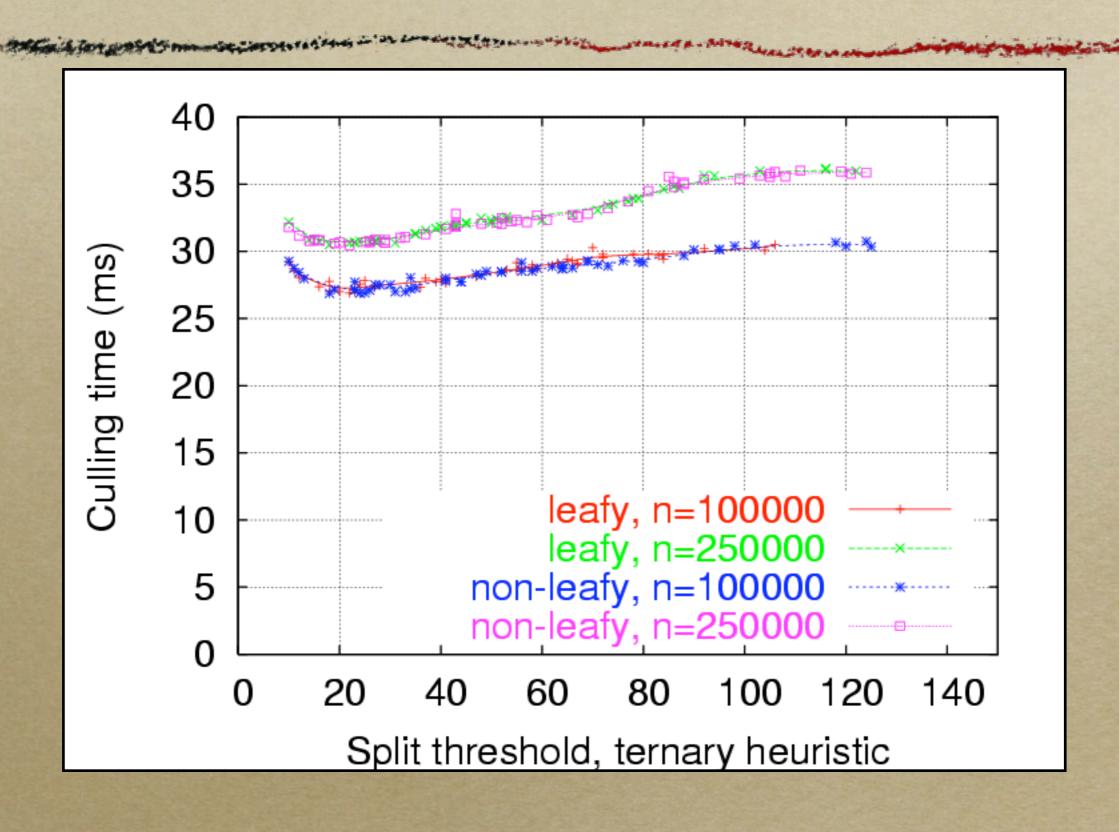
Optimum Split Threshold

- Split threshold affects objects/node
 - Node test slower than object test
 - Need to balance node test vs. wasted object tests
- Find fastest average query per threshold with a dense uniform packing

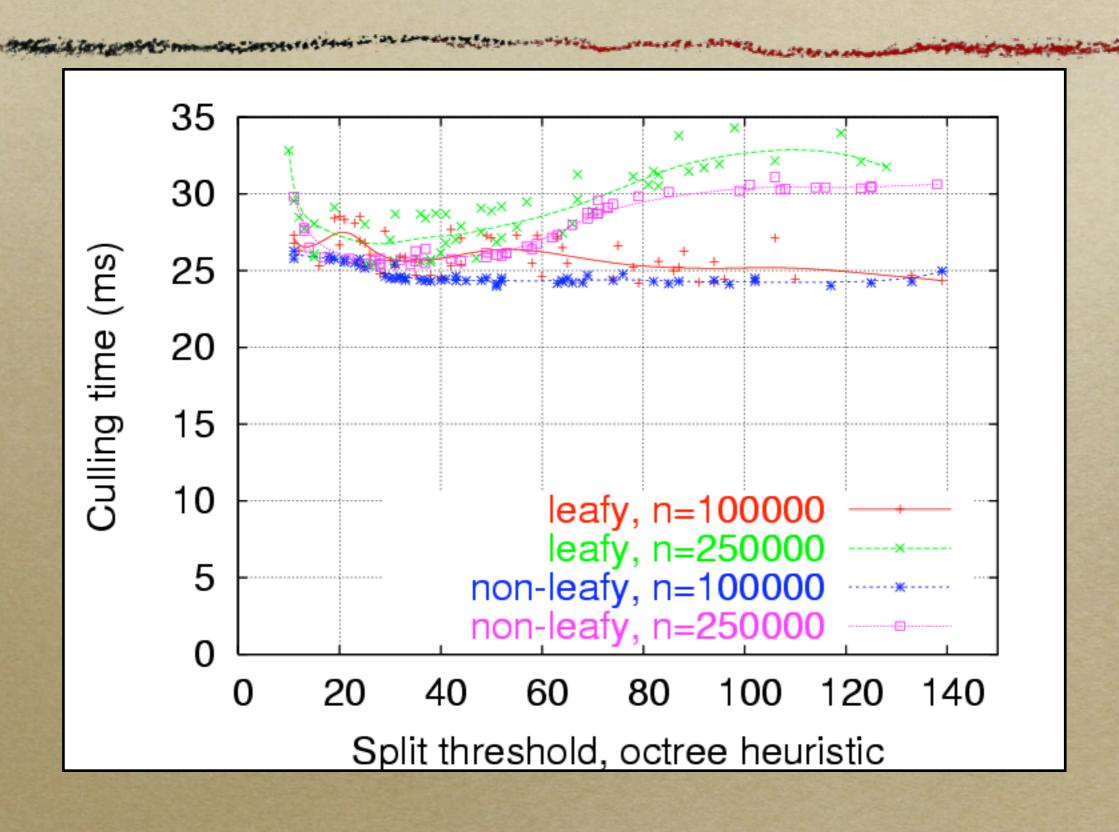
Optimum Split: K-D



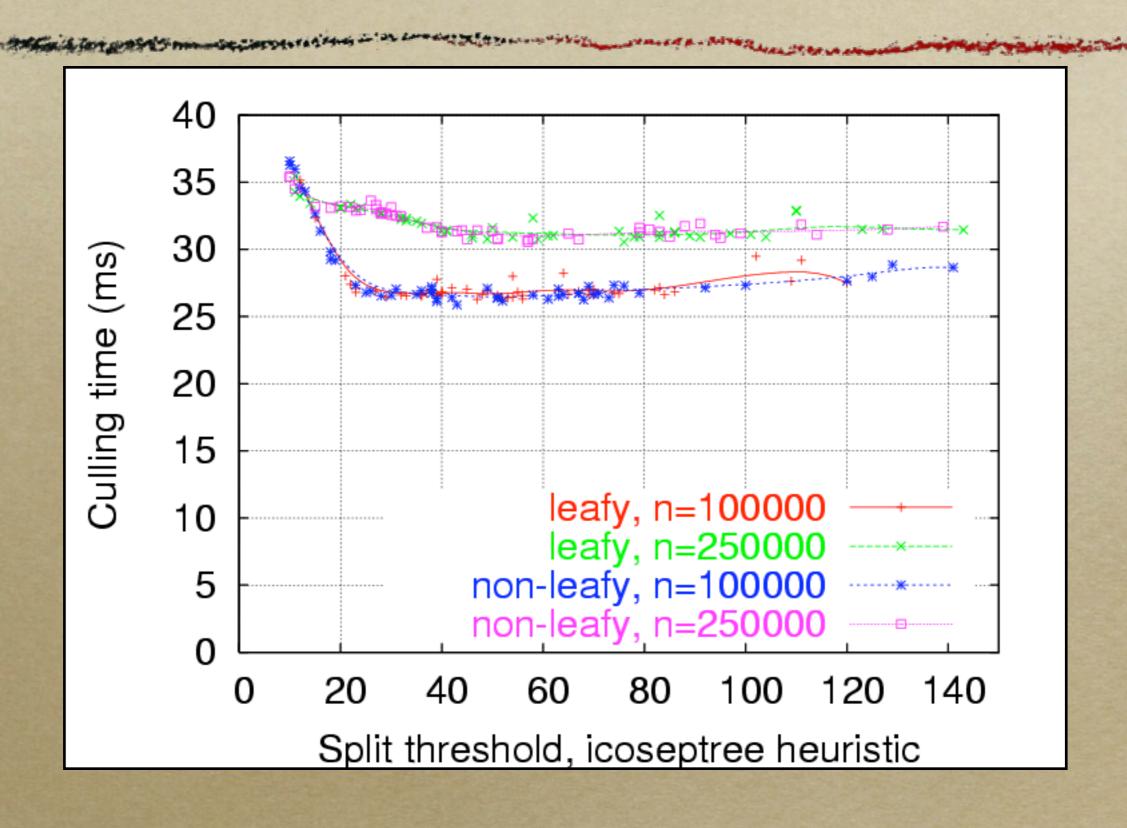
Optimum Split: Ternary



Optimum Split: Octree



Optimum Split: Icoseptree



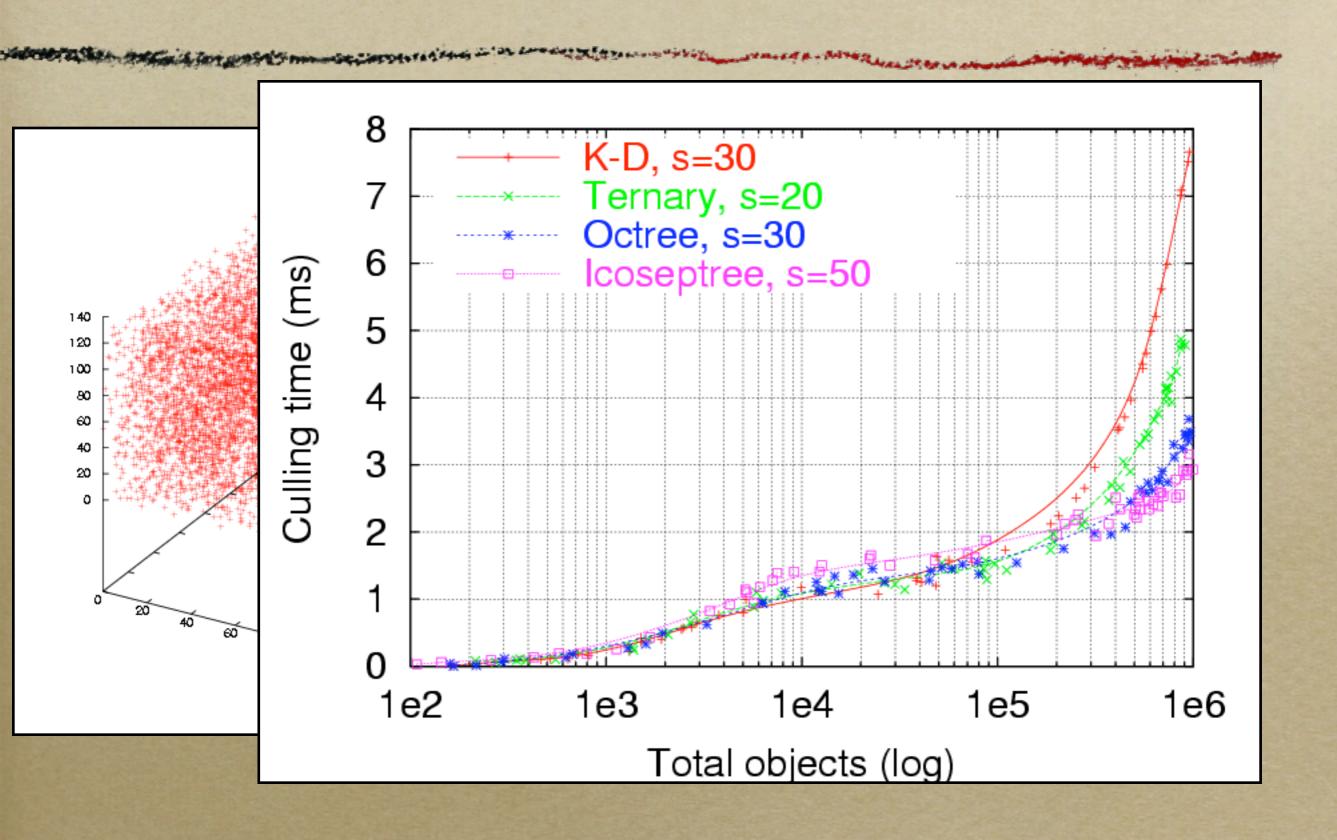
Immediate Observations

- Split threshold can make noticeable difference (nearly double for icoseptree)
- Wide ranges for performance plateau
- Non-leafy variant always performs at least as good as leafy
 - No point in considering leafy further

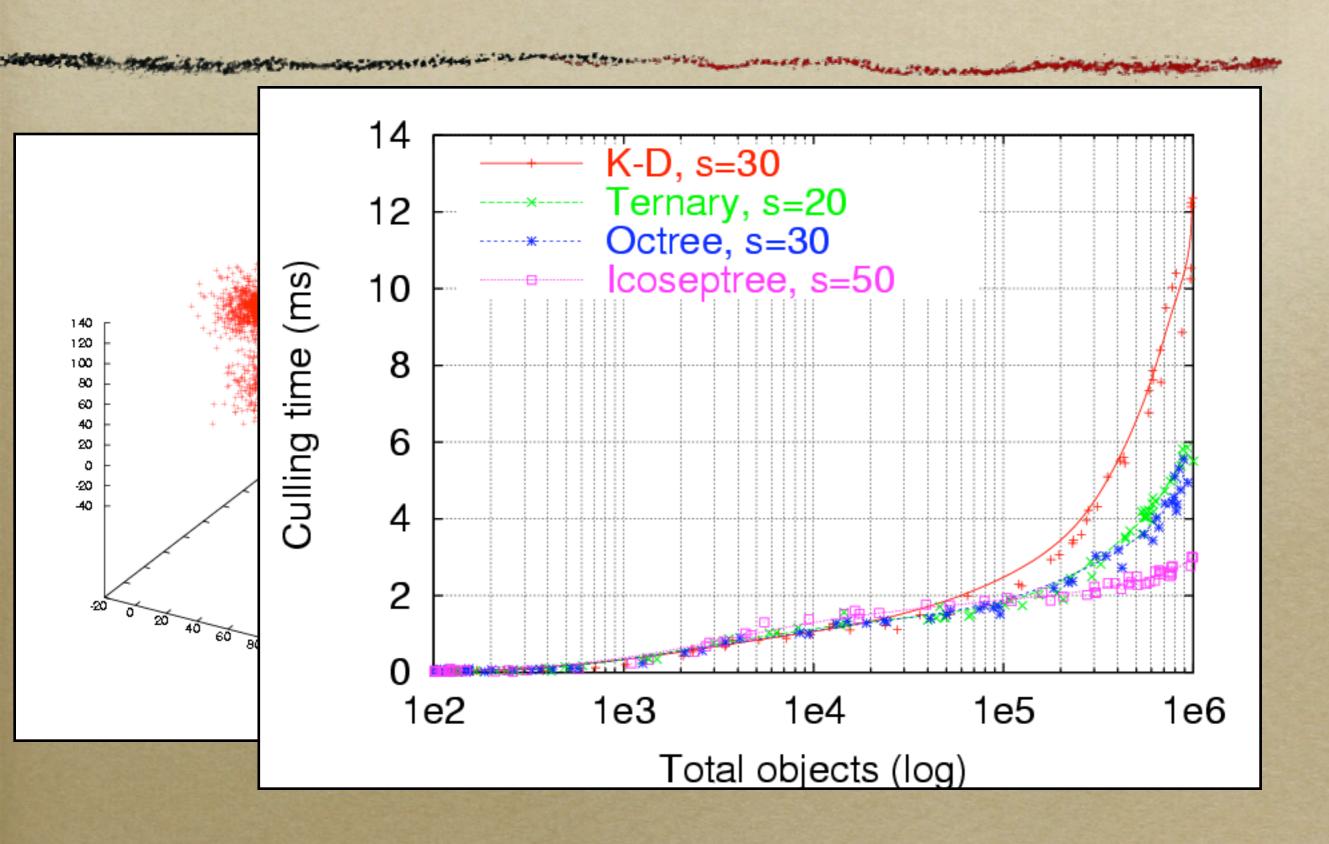
Best Overall Performance

- Compare performance of heuristics
 - Vary number of objects up to 1 million
 - Four different random distributions (uniform, sphere, cluster, Lissajous)

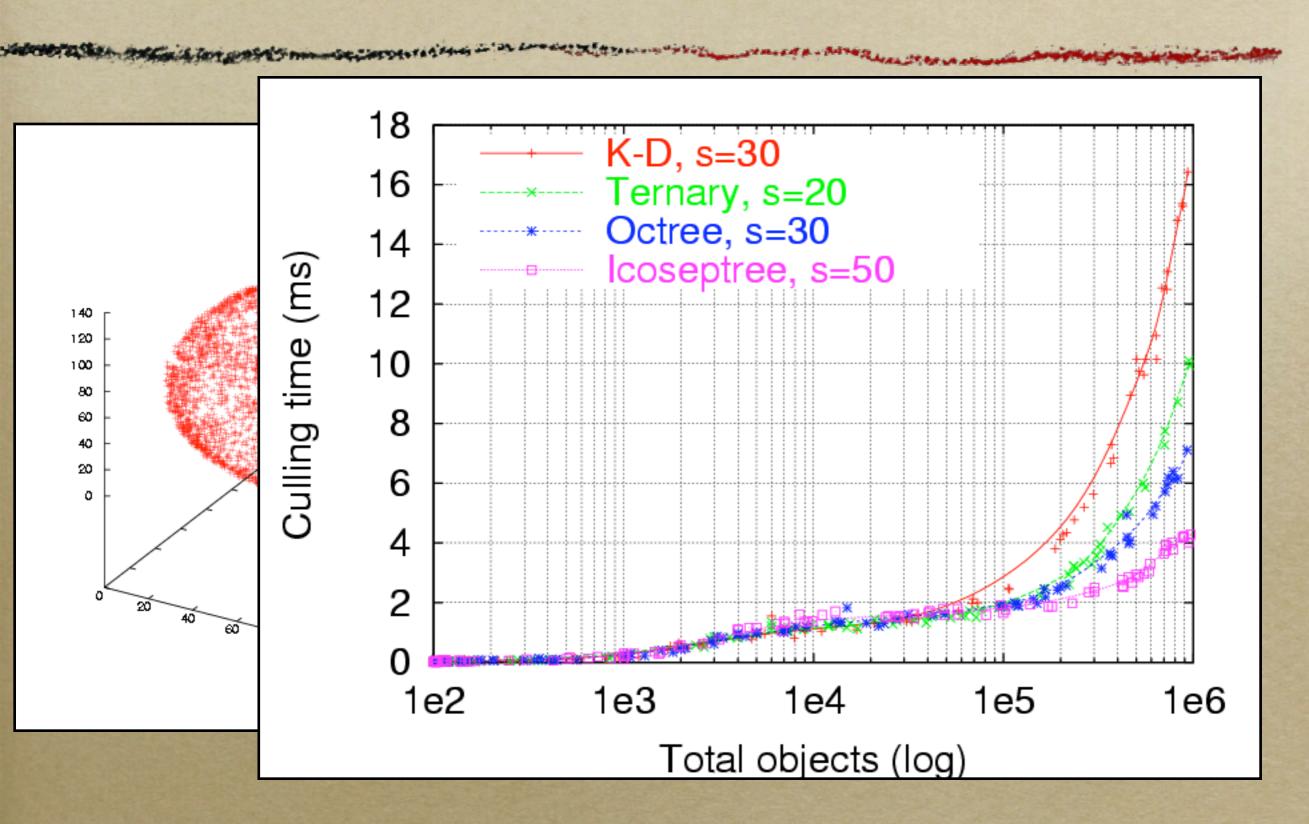
Uniform



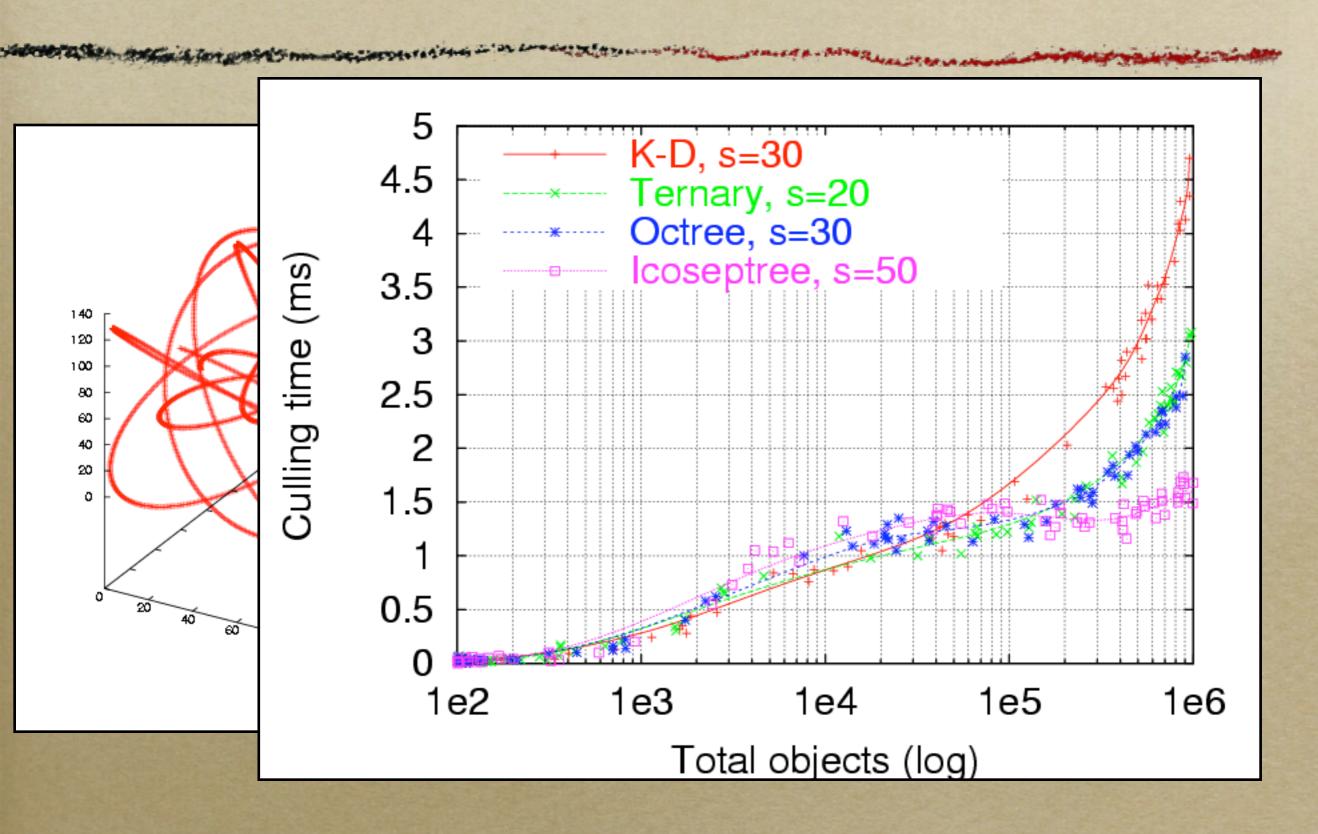
Clustered



Sphere



Lissajous



Conclusions

- D-AABB trees provide fast queries and updates on fully-dynamic environments
- Works w/ simple occlusion culling;
 accurate visibility w/o precomputation
- Icoseptree heuristic scales best of those tested

Further Work

- Determine efficient occlusion algorithm for spatial-coherence culling
- Better heuristics than icoseptree might be possible

Acknowledgments

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Questions